Tipo 200S

- Tipo 200SI

Tipo 200S (Tipo 52) and **Tipo 200SI**

PRODUCTION DATES

1955-1957

100

DESTINATION

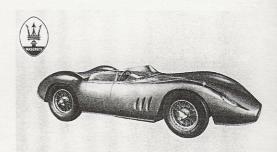
Sport category racing

PRODUCTION TOTAL

28

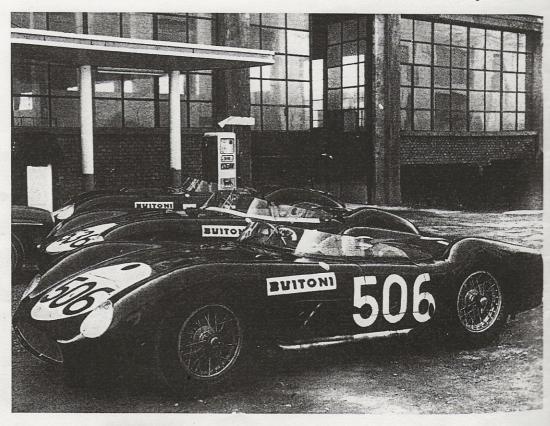
Testing of the new two-litre, four-cylinder engine commenced in 1953, in parallel with the 150S, and in this case too the experience gained with the 4CF2 unit proved to be invaluable, even though it was not felt necessary to adopt the 16-valve cylinder head in this case. With respects to the 1500, the 2000 varied only in terms of its internal dimensions (bore and stroke of 92x75 mm) while outwardly it was practically identical. The two models shared the same dual ignition and dry sump lubrication systems, twin overhead camshafts and the ignition system comprising magnetos or battery and distributor.

The two-litre power unit produced a maximum power output of 190 hp at 7200 rpm, while the car had a dry weight of 660 kg and was capable of a maximum speed of 260 kph.



MASERATI SPORT 200 SI

The coachbuilder Fiandri constructed the first example in 1955 on an A6GCS chassis with a rear live axle and semi-cantilevered longitudinal leaf springs. The de Dion rear suspension layout was also replaced on subsequent examples built the following year as it did not yet provide sufficient guarantees of stable handling, or at least



he cover of the lustrated Maserati po 200SI brochure.

lodena, 10 May 957. The line up of laseratis ready to ave the factory for the Mille Miglia ponsored" by uitoni. In the foreground is the 200SI with race number 506 and elegant bodywork by Carrozzeria Fiandri that was driven by Luigi Bellucci. The Neapolitan driver unfortunately failed to reach the Rome checkpoint.

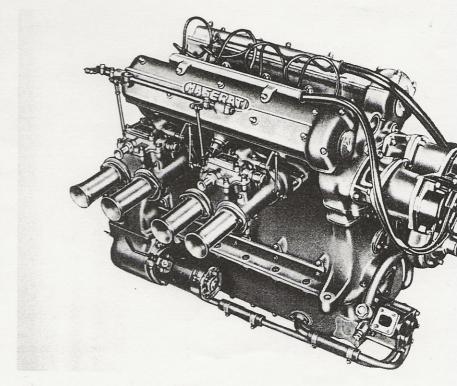
demanded professional levels of driving skill. A series of tests conducted by the racing driver Luigi Bellucci in 1956 drew attention to various anomalies in the chassis and the braking performance (the brakes were evidently no match for the 190 hp produced by the engine) of example No. 2401. As a consequence, Nos. 2403 and 2404 that, together with the conventional No. 2505, took part in the Supercortemaggiore Trophy on the 24th of June, were equipped with 150S chassis, de Dion rear axles and transverse leaf springing.

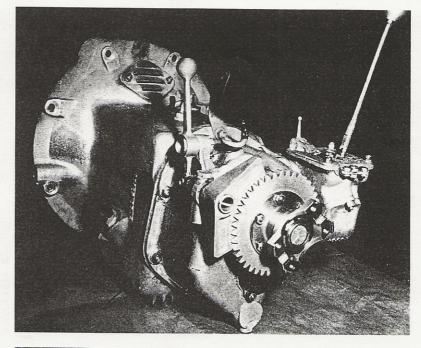
Through to car number 2403, the tubular chassis were fabricated in-house, but as was the case with the 150S, subsequent examples were supplied by Gilco, while through to No. 2404 the bodies were built by Celestino Fiandri and subsequently by Medardo Fantuzzi.

In 1957, with true serial production having been established, the highly sought-after 200S matched the norms for the Sport Internazionale category so closely that it was decided to change the model designation to SI.

The new regulations involved a return to the concept of the racing car that could, with certain minor adjustments, be used as a roadgoing tourer. Hence the appearance of a bogus canvas hood that was fitted solely to satisfy the scrutineers and certainly had no part to play when racing, as was the case with the windscreen wiper that, had it been used for any length of time, would have irremediably ruined the Plexiglas screen. As if this was not enough, there was also a regulation requiring a compartment large enough to contain a suitcase.

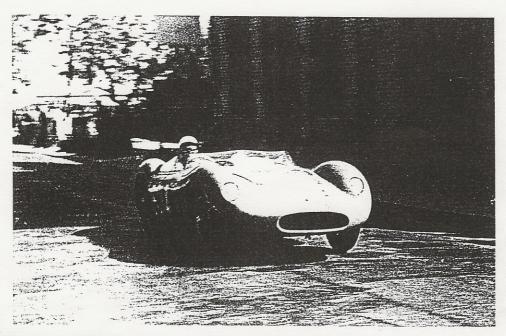
With regards to the mechanical specification, while the reintroduced de Dion rear suspension layout with a transverse leaf spring resolved the doubts raised by Bellucci the previous year, the 200S continue to demand uncommon driving skills that were the exclusive preserve of professional racers, among whom the car continued to be held in high regard.

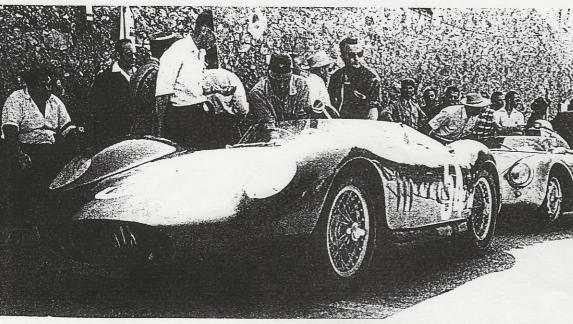




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lition of the liglia, 12 May Nando ini's Maserati on its way to ace overall.





A 200SI bodied by Fantuzzi seen at the start of the Mont Ventoux hillclimb in 1957. Power
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200

PO 200S - TIPO 200SI

mber and arrangement of cylinders 4, vertical, in-line Inder block ore x stroke Esplacement ower output sak power revolutions compression ratio

lumber of main bearings pe of main and con-rod bearings number of valves per cylinder and configuration

laive actuation amshafts amshaft drive gnition uel system Carburettors

Fuel Lubrication Cooling

Traction Clutch Gearbox Number of gears Control Transmission Rear axle Final drive ratio Front wheels Rear wheels Front tyres

Bodywork

Rear tyres

Chassis Wheelbase Front track Rear track Front suspension Rear suspension

Front shock absorbers Rear shock absorbers Front brakes Rear brakes Brake operation Steering

Dry weight Fuel tank capacity and location **Electrical system**

Maximum speed

Driving position

ENGINE

front light alloy 92x75 mm 1993 cc 190 hp 7200 rpm 9.5:1 thin wall light alloy

2,in 80° V formation roller rockers with needle springs 2, overhead gear train dual, with battery and two Marelli distributors or magneto naturally aspirated 2 x Weber 45 DCO3 super grade petrol

dry sump, with 3 pumps (1 supply and 2 scavenge)

water, with centrifugal pump and radiator

DRIVETRAIN rear-wheel drive multiple dry-plate mechanical, bolted to engine 4 + reverse; subsequently 5 + reverse central shaft with couplings rigid; subsequently a de Dion layout 4.222:1 (9/38) and various ratios depending on use wire, 4.50-16 wire, 4.50-16 5.50 - 166.00-16

BODY/CHASSIS

two-seater Sport, in sheet aluminium over a steel frame attached to the chassis tubular, latticework 2150 mm; subsequently 2200 mm 1280 mm 1230 mm independent, coil springs semi-cantilevered longitudinal leaf springs; subsequently transverse leaf spring Houdaille hydraulic lever arm units Houdaille hydraulic lever arm units drums

drums hydraulic, pedal worm and sector right-hand drive 660 kg 100 l., rear 12 Volt

PERFORMANCE 260 kph

CHASSIS and ENGINE (*) NUMBERING and PRODUCTION DATES

Tipo 200S 1955

2400 - engine only. 2401 - Rear live axle; Fiandri bodywork.

1956

2402 - A6GCS chassis with rear live axle and semi-cantilevered leaf 2403 - New chassis with de Dion real axle. 2404 - New chassis with de Dion real axle. 2405 - A6GCS chassis with rear live axle and semi-cantilevered leaf springs. Fiandri bodywork. 2406 - Fitted with rear live axle in 195 2407 - Derived from 150S No. 1672.

Tipo 200SI 1957

2408

2409 - Converted to 250S specification From 2412 to 2417 2418- Subsequently equipped with Tipo 250S engine No. 2433. From 2419 to 2430. 10 - engine only for Brian Naylor, G.B. destined for a Lotus chassis.

(Note) The frequently overlooked pratice of assigni Formula One engines with consecutive numbers from 1, sports cars from 51 and the future GT models from 51 and 51 101 was already being applied in this period.

(*) Except where otherwise indicated, the engine and chassis numbers always coincide.

Monza, 24 June 1956, 4th edition of Supercortemaggiore Grand Prix. Piero Taruffi entered to drive the Maserati 200S with Cesare Perdisa of Bologna (seen here tackling the Sopraelevata) handed over the car to

Stirling Moss who had returned to th pits on foot after 1 own Maserati hac him down. The Roman driver finished eighth ov after he in turn to over the André Si 150S from Giusel Sgorbati.

